AGENDA - July, 2018

1. Motivation
2. Addressing the Challenges
3. Progress in the Goals
4. Public Innovation for SDGs
Motivation
Motivation for Colombia’s Second VNR

Changing environment

- Peace agreement that ended Colombia’s 50 year conflict
- Fiscal challenges due to oil prices drop
- Accession to the OECD

Milestones in SDG implementation:

1. No Poverty
2. Zero hunger
3. Good health and well-being
4. Quality education
5. Gender equality
6. Clean water and sanitation
7. Affordable and clean energy
8. Decent work and economic growth
9. Industry innovation and infrastructure
10. Reduced inequalities
11. Sustainable cities and communities
12. Responsible consumption and production
13. Climate action
14. Life below water
15. Life on land
16. Peace, justice and strong institutions
17. Partnerships for the goals
Addressing the Challenges
Five key challenges to achieve the SDGs

1. **Measurement**
   - Data and indicators to measure progress and follow-up.

2. **Leave no one behind**
   - Closing regional, gender, and other gaps to achieve a just, equitable, tolerant, open and socially inclusive world.

3. **Financing**
   - New financing mechanisms and pooling resources from different sources.

4. **Policy Coherence**
   - The integrated and transformative nature of the SDGs, requires new ways of working that transcend policy and institutional silos.

5. **Multi-stakeholder approach**
   - Bringing the SDGs closer to non-governmental actors to drive action.

Defined by the SDG whitepaper issued in March, 2018

Open data for monitoring and follow-up
www.ods.gov.co

INDICATOR 6.1.A
Access to drinking water (%)

2015 Baseline

2018 Target 92.9%

2030 Target 100%

Urban 97.3%

Rural 73.2%


Available disaggregation*
by: Urban/Rural; Gender; Age

* Varies for each indicator

156 National Indicators

2015 Baseline

Targets by 2030

Measurement: National Monitoring System
Defined by the SDG whitepaper issued in March, 2018

156 National Indicators

2015 Baseline

Targets by 2030

Available disaggregation*
by: Urban/Rural; Gender; Age

* Varies for each indicator

156 National Indicators

2015 Baseline

Targets by 2030

Available disaggregation*
by: Urban/Rural; Gender; Age

* Varies for each indicator
2. Leaving no one behind: regional SDG targets

### Access to Drinking Water (%)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Caribe</td>
<td>86.4</td>
<td>87.2</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centro Sur</td>
<td>86.9</td>
<td>88.4</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eje Cafetero</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pacifico</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Llanos</td>
<td></td>
<td>90.6</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centro Oriente y Bogotá</td>
<td></td>
<td>92.2</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eje Cafetero y Antioquia</td>
<td></td>
<td>95.4</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: DANE-GEIH. Estimation by DNP.

*Data correspond to departments of Caquetá, Huila and Tolima (Centro Sur-Amazonía) and Meta (Llanos)
3. Financing: Taxation Instruments

**Plastic Bags Tax**
- USD $1 cent per bag
- USD $2 cents by 2020
- USD $3.7 million collected within its first six months
- 71% of the households dropped their use of plastic bags by 30%.

**Carbon Tax**
- USD $5 tax for every ton of CO₂ emitted
- USD $159 million collected in 2017
- Expected reduction of 4.3 million CO₂ by 2030
- Carbon neutral companies are exempted

**Public Works for Taxes**
- Up to 50% of the income tax
- 23 projects approved.
  - Road infrastructure
  - Public education
  - Water and sanitation
  - Energy
- USD $73 million will be invested in the areas most affected by the armed conflict (ZOMAC)
3. Financing: Public-Private Partnerships

**PPPs** are a key tool for the provision of **social infrastructure** in Colombia.

These investments contribute to the achievement of the **SDGs** and the consolidation of **peace**.

**Procuring Infrastructure PPP – OECD Ranking**

- Water supply and sanitation system in Santa Marta:
  - USD $1 billion
  - 500,000 beneficiaries
  - Universal drinking water and sanitation coverage
  - 24h service by 2022

Source: World Bank
4. Policy Coherence: Breaking Silos

Payment for Environmental Services (PES)
Launched on May, 2017
Focus on areas historically affected by the armed conflict where 58% of the country's deforestation has happened

1 Million hectares under PES by 2030
5. Multi-stakeholder Approach

Pilot project to measure the private sector contribution to the SDGs

Social Investment Growth increased in 4 sectors: Manufacturing (0.1%); construction (4.1%); financial (17.7%); mining-energy (118%)*.

SDG 6. 20% of the reporting companies carry out water reuse processes.

SDG 12. Recycling to produce new products grew from 20.9% in 2016 to 25.2% in 2017.

Six regional meetings to document non-governmental stakeholders’ successful initiatives

SDG 12. Recycling as a tool to promote food security of rural communities.

SDG 15. Forest protection as a source of sustainable incomes for afro descendant and indigenous communities.

* Companies that keep to Exploration and Production (E&P) and Technical Evaluation Agreements (TEA) activities in Colombia, must develop and implement Environmental Management and Social Management Plans to grant an environmental license. Agreement 05 of 2011 of the National Oil & Gas Agency.
Progress in the Goals
Clean Water and Sanitation

Increased access to drinking water and sanitation

Coverage (2017): 92.4%
First-time users (2010-2018): 6.9 mill

Progress: 12.9%
Expected progress: 6.9%

National Indicators

Source: DNP, SDG Commission Technical Secretariat 2018
Affordable and Clean Energy

13.1% Progress

Expected progress 11.7%

Energy Coverage

97% In 2016

Clean Sources

71%

National Indicators

Green 2 Red 2

Legal framework to increase renewable and non-conventional energy sources

Source: DNP, SDG Commission Technical Secretariat 2018
Sustainable Cities and Communities

Progress: 29.9%
Expected progress: 9.2%

National Indicators: 5 (Green) 3 (Red)

Housing Policy:
- 42% reduction of the quantitative housing shortage
- 1.7 million
- 5.7 million

Source: DNP, SDG Commission Technical Secretariat 2018
Responsible Consumption and Production

Progress: 6.9%
Expected progress: 8.6%

National Indicators:

- 30% reduction in bags production and distribution
- 88% of the municipalities had adequate solid waste disposal systems in 2016
- 65% of surveyed households separate waste for recycling

Solid Waste Management National Policy

Source: DNP, SDG Commission Technical Secretariat 2018
**Life on Land**

Progress: 45.5%

Expected progress: 15.5%

National Indicators: 5, 1

Protected hectares: 30.3 mill

Moorlands protected: 30 out of 37

Mechanism for controlling deforestation

Source: DNP, SDG Commission Technical Secretariat 2018
Public Innovation for SDGs
Public Innovation for SDGs

Structured experimentation in the public sector must be at the center of the SDG strategies.